THE EMPIRICAL EVIDENCE ON MANAGEMENT FORECAST DISCLOSURES IN THAILAND

Sirada Jarutakanont

A Dissertation Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for the Degree of Doctor of Business Administration: Accounting Major The Joint Doctoral Program in Business Administration (JDBA)

Thammasat University, Chulalongkorn University, and The National Institute of Development Administration

May 2008

Thammasat University

Faculty of Commerce and Accountancy

A Doctoral Dissertation

by

Sirada Jarutakanont

(ศิรดา จารุตกานนท์)

Titled

"The Empirical Evidence on Management Forecast Disclosures in Thailand"

has been approved as a partial fulfillment of the requirements for
the Degree of Doctor of Business Administration (D.B.A.) in Accounting for
The Joint Doctoral Program in Business Administration (JDBA)

on Friday 2nd May 2008 by

Chairperson of the committee	(Assoc. Prof. Dr. Angkarat Priebjrivat)
Dissertation Advisor	(Asst. Prof. Dr. Somchai Supattarakul)
Committee member	(Asst. Prof. Dr. Kanogporn Narktabtee)
Committee member	(Dr. Aim-Orn Jaikengkit)
Committee member	Sausskrit Vichitleham (Dr. Sansakrit Vichitlekarn)
Dean	G. Will.
	(Assoc. Prof. Gasinee Witoonchart)

ABSTRACT

The purpose of this study is to explore management forecast disclosure practices and to investigate the information content of management forecast disclosures in Thailand. Exploring management forecast disclosure practices, I find that more than half of listed companies in the Stock Exchange of Thailand (the SET) volunteer to provide their management forecasts to the public. Firms have several alternatives to design their management forecast disclosures for each forecast characteristic: forecast frequency, forecast timing, forecast horizon, forecast item, and forecast form. Examining the information content of management forecast disclosures by employing event study, I find that management forecast disclosures are informative. There is a significant market reaction to management forecast disclosures surrounding management forecast release date.

Since the SET issues disclosure guidelines for listed companies, I also examine their effect of and compliance with them on management forecast disclosure practices. I find that the disclosure guidelines affect management forecast disclosure practices, but do not affect the information content of management forecast disclosures. The empirical evidence from the compliance test also reveals a number of management forecast disclosures that do not comply with the disclosure guidelines.

Finally, this study provides early empirical evidence on characteristics of forecast firms. Employing a binary logistic regression analysis, I find that forecast firms have different firm characteristics compared to non-forecast firms. Large negative unexpected earnings firms, high returns variation firms, large firms, and new capital offering firms are more likely to provide management forecast disclosures to

the public. I additionally find that firms are more likely to provide management forecast disclosures in the post-guidelines period than in the pre-guidelines period.

This study provides several implications and contributions to related parties such as the SET, investors, and listed companies' management. This study shows that management forecast disclosures are useful for investment decisions and also indicates that forecast firms have different characteristics compared to non-forecast firms. Difference in firm characteristics may be driven by difference in management motives, investors should be aware of this when using management forecast disclosures in their decisions. The empirical evidence in this study is useful for the SET in its responsibility to develop rules or guidelines related to management forecast disclosure and to regulate management forecast disclosures of listed companies. Finally, this study provides a contribution to academic research, specifically accounting research in Thailand, since this study is the first study to explore management forecast disclosure practices in Thailand.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I would like to express my sincere appreciation to all who assisted in my dissertation's completion, as follows.

First, I am most extremely indebted to my dissertation advisor, Assistant

Professor Dr. Somchai Supattarakul for his support throughout every stage in my
doctoral study, specifically in my dissertation development. This dissertation would
not have been possible without his invaluable guidance, helpful suggestions, powerful
inspiration, and patient attention. I have benefited enormously from his dedication.

Being his advisee has been one of the best opportunities in my education life.

Second, I would like to offer deeply sincere thanks and appreciation to my committee, Associate Professor Dr. Angkarat Priebjrivat, Assistant Professor Dr. Kanogporn Narktabtee, Dr. Sansakrit Vichitlekarn, and Dr. Aim-Orn Jaikengkit for their invaluable comments, and insightful suggestions in helping me to complete my dissertation.

Third, I would like to express my thanks to all of my professors in the JDBA program for their invaluable knowledge and generous advice. I would like to express my thanks and appreciation to Professor Dr. Pornchai Chunhachinda for his kindness and generous care provided to me over the years in the JDBA program.

Fourth, I would like to thank my friends, senior friends, and all the JDBA staff for their support, encouragement, and assistance.

Fifth, I appreciate the scholarship from Ministry of University Affairs, Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences at Burapha University, and the JDBA Program.

Finally, my deepest gratitude goes to my parents and my brother, specifically my mother, for their unconditional love, support, and encouragement. Without them, I would not have finished my doctoral degree.

Sirada Jarutakanont

May 2008

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
ABST	RACTi
ACKI	NOWLEDGEMENTSiii
LIST	OF TABLESviii
LIST	OF FIGURESx
CHAI	PTER
1.	INTRODUCTION1
2.	ROLES OF MANAGEMENT AND THE SET ON INFORMATION
	DISCLOSURES AND DISCLSOURE GUIDELINES13
	2.1 Roles of Management of Thai Listed Companies on Information
	Disclosures13
	2.2 Roles of The SET on Information Disclosures of Thai Listed
	Companies14
	2.3 Disclosure Guidelines for Listed Companies' Management15
3.	LITERATURE REVIEW25
	3.1 The Effect of Disclosure Guidelines on Management Forecast
	Disclosure Practices
	3.2 Information Content of Management Forecasts
	3.3 Characteristics of Firms that Issue Management Forecasts34
4	RESEARCH DESIGN 39

CHAPTER

4.1	How Do Thai Listed Companies Disclose Their Management	
	Forecasts?	40
	4.1.1 Data Source and Sample Selection	41
	4.1.2 Research Methodology	42
4.2	Do the Disclosure Guidelines Affect Management Forecast	
	Disclosure Practices?	43
	4.2.1 Data Source and Sample Selection	43
	4.2.2 Research Methodology	43
4.3	Do Management Forecast Disclosure Practices Comply with	
	the Disclosure Guidelines?	44
	4.3.1 Data Source and Sample Selection	45
	4.3.2 Research Methodology	45
4.4	Are Management Forecast Informative?	46
	4.4.1 Data Source and Sample Selection	46
	4.4.2 Research Methodology	47
4.5	Do Firms that Issue Management Forecasts Have Different	
	Characteristics Compared to Firms that Do Not Issue Manageme	nt
	Forecasts?	49
	4.5.1 Data Source and Sample Selection	50
	4.5.2 Variable Measurement	50
	4.5.3 Research Methodology	52

BIOGRAPHY......180